

DEATH OF OUR MOTHER.—In our last week's issue, we mentioned the fact of the serious illness of our mother, and that we had gone, in obedience to a telegram to her home near Richmond, Virginia. Shocked as we were at this telegram, we were doomed to a greater and more enduring pain by another telegram received while we were on the way, informing us that she was dead. Yes, the best and dearest mother that ever blessed and watched over the destiny of a wayward child has been called to her reward and left us a corroding sorrow for her loss. A lifetime of earnest piety and sacrifices for others had prepared her for the summons, and she went hence with but one regret, that of parting from her family whom she loved and was loved by so tenderly and fondly. She is now in the Kingdom of Heaven, and it behooves us, who are left to grieve for her, to imitate her bright and loving example and strive to meet her where "the wicked cease from troubling, and the weary are eternally at rest."

APPEALS IN LOUISIANA.—We are not of the number of those that would fall down and worship President Hayes, but we are disposed to give him credit for every good thing he does. His policy toward the South has had the effect of producing a decidedly good feeling toward him by Democrats and honest men generally. His last order for the withdrawal of troops from Louisiana, has met with universal exhibition of enthusiasm throughout the South. The people of that unfortunate and oppressed State are again free, and the flag of our common country floats over it, not as a province, but as a State, redeemed from radical rule and tyranny. The order was carried into effect last Tuesday by the quiet withdrawal of the troops. There was no demonstration by the citizens, every one seeming determined to carry out in good faith, the promise of their deliverer, the great and good Governor Nicholls. Most of the Legislature that upheld the Packard usurpation who have any claim to their offices, have gone over to the Democratic Legislature, and on Wednesday, Judge H. M. Spofford, the choice of the Democratic caucus was elected United States Senator by 140 to 12. Packard will do as Chamberlain did, leave the State that he has tried so hard to ruin and take himself to some quiet nook, and it is hoped, hang himself. The war that was commenced in 1861, has at last been brought to an end and each one of the thirty-eight States are today, untroubled, and free from the foot of oppression. Verily, the clouds that have so long hovered over the prosperity of our country are vanished, and prosperity and peace are assured and certain.

The inevitable and long threatened European war has at last been commenced by the invasion of the Russian army into Turkey by order of the authorities, which was given by Alexander in these words: "Invoking the blessings of God upon our valiant armies we give the order to cross the Turkish frontier." It is expected that the war will become general and that while the Europeans are getting shot down and wives and children are cast upon the friendless world, to starve and die, we of America, will profit by their misfortune, and grow rich on their necessities. Already provisions of every kind have gone up and are still advancing, and the prospect of a revival in trade and an era of general good fortune is promised for the whole land.

That County Judge of Pulaski, says that the charges made against him by the editor of the Somerset Reporter, are "untrue, infamous, malicious, and false," and writes us to make this statement. On the other hand, brother Owens says that every word he has written against the Judge is true, and he can prove it, and dubs the worthy Judge a "liar, poltroon, and a thief." Our readers can believe either statement they choose. As for our part, we deem the word of an editor equally as reliable as that of any County Judge in the State, and infinitely more so than that of some Judges that we know of. But, Judge, we have no "reference to allusions."

The Mountain Echo is informed that what we said about it, was for its own good, and not through malice. But since our gratuitous advice is likely not to be taken, we abandon it to the evils of its own choosing. We will say, however, that boys should not get mad when older people are kind enough to advise them.

The Shelby Democrat has been revived by Mr. Will S. Marshall, Jr., who, in a brief but business-like Salutatory, asks the patronage of the public. We trust it will be liberally extended as judging from the initial number, it will be worthily bestowed.

W. O. CUNNINGHAM, Esq., editor of the Springfield Herald, has announced himself a candidate for the Legislature. Bad business did follow. You had better stick to your paper and write love poetry as formerly, if you wish to be happy.

The C. S. R. R. bridge over the Kentucky river has been finally tested, with the most satisfactory results. A million and eighty-two thousand pounds were thrown on it at one time, but no motion of the grand structure was noticeable. A great crowd, among whom were many prominent men from this and other States witnessed the test, and the enthusiasm was unbounded. The bridge is 1125 feet long, 275 feet high, and cost \$404,000. It has the distinction of being the highest bridge in the world.

At a Convention of the young men of Simpson county, held at Franklin last week, resolutions of approval of the course of Hon. C. W. Milliken, their former representative in Congress, were adopted with a recommendation that his ability and worth be recognized by a seat in the next Senate.

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY NEWS.

By J. W. WATSON.

APRIL 26th, 1877.

Has Haves any party?

The "iron hoof" of the carpet-bagger no longer grinds the bleeding neck of Louisiana.

There will be services at the church next Sunday morning at 11 o'clock, by Elder O. T. Ashill.

The exercises in the Sunday school begin promptly at 6:30 o'clock. Let everybody try to be there at that time.

A slow rain is falling this morning. We don't need it, and are therefore sorry to see it.

We should greatly prefer a continuance of the pleasant weather, with which we have been blessed during the past several days.

The Democratic Committee has called a private election to be held in this District, on Saturday, the 19th day of May, to settle the conflicting claims of the candidates for Senatorial honors.

We say the Committee called this election, but it may be not positive—it may have been called by the editor of the Richmond Register.

We are a decided lover of justice; we like to see justice administered to all alike, without regard to "age, sex or previous Ac."

Therefore it is that we demur to the criticisms of the Debating Club, made by "Dickie Rose" in the last issue of the London Echo.

He ought not to have failed to mention that one of our most prominent and popular speakers connected with the Society is Prof. J. L. Whitehead.

Mr. R. J. White, of Madison county, a candidate for the Senate in this District, has been spending several days in our village. We think the impression he has made upon our people is quite a favorable one.

In fact, we know it is so. Mr. White is a good Democrat, and at the same time a most estimable gentleman. In the event that he is declared the nominee of the party, we shall support him cheerfully, though we will not be any the less sincere in our opinion that the nominee ought to "hail from Rockcastle."

Now that the last of the troops have been removed, and the days of the jolly carpet-bagger are over, we live once more in a free and united country. The struggle between the sections was long and fierce and bitter, yet not half so long as the time required to convince the North that the South accepted the situation. Now will begin an era of good feeling, and with it we hope will come prosperity. The future of this country is a glorious one, if the people will it to be so. "Let us be up and doing," is the watchword.

Circuit Court convened at this place last Monday, his Honor, W. H. Randall on the bench, and that polite and affable Commonwealth's Attorney, James H. Tinsley, at his place. The time of the court has thus far been occupied in the trial of criminal cases, most of them for misdemeanors. Only one felony case—against J. O. Gibbs, for forgery, has been tried, in which the jury returned a verdict of guilty, and fixed the punishment of the defendant at two years confinement in the Penitentiary.

In the case of the Commonwealth vs. F. M. Gibbs, for grand larceny, the indictment was dismissed, and the matter referred to the present grand jury for investigation. Judge Randall, always noted for his dispatch of business, is now well up with his docket. The grand jury in arduous session will carefully inspect the evil doings in the county during the past six months. Among the visiting Attorneys present yesterday, we noticed J. B. McHenry, of Barbourville; B. F. Holman, of Manchester; Judge Pearl, of London, and W. O. Bradley, of Lancaster.

QUITO.

Non Thomas H. Shanks.

Thomas Hanley Shanks, whose death occurred on Sunday morning last, was born in Lincoln county, on the 18th day of February, 1841.

His family is one of the most respectable of the old families of Central Kentucky. His father, Wm. Shanks, was the youngest son of Wm. Shanks, one of the earliest pioneer settlers of Lincoln county, and Barren A. Hanley, both descended from Virginia ancestors. His mother Rebecca Baughman, was a daughter of Henry Baughman and Patience Owsley, a sister of Ex-Governor Wm. Owsley.

The father of the subject of this sketch, was a man of great force of character, fine native intellect and honorable reputation. He inherited a comfortable property, and lived until within a few years of his death, upon his paternal estate, and gave his son Thomas, the youngest of five sons, such advantages as his fortune and social position enabled him.

Thomas H. Shanks passed the first fifteen years of his life continuously in Lincoln county, and until this year, attended the common schools of that county, and the male seminary of Stanford, at which he progressed rapidly in his studies, and at this early age gave evidences by his conduct, of a manly, generous, fearless and enterprising disposition, for which he was distinguished throughout his life.

In 1856, he was appointed to a cadetship in the United States Military Academy, at West Point, and for about ten months was a student in that institution. Tiring, however, of the restraints and labor necessary to a severe military training, which strained to the utmost his delicate constitution, he resigned, returned to Kentucky, and became a student at Centre College, Danville, where he remained one year. Leaving this institution, he commenced the study of law at Stanford, where he remained until the breaking out of the civil war. In May, 1861, in company with about twenty other young men of his county, he went to Virginia, and enlisted in the Confederate army. While there, in company with W. P. Cray, now deceased, he won the honor of making a capture of the first prisoner who bore a commission, for which, he was highly complimented by the Southern papers for his enterprise and daring. He served with credit during the campaign of 1861, in Virginia, and participated in the battle of Bull Run, and other minor engagements.

In the latter part of the year, his term of service having expired, he came to Southern Kentucky and enlisted in the partisan cavalry of Gen. John H. Morgan, whose brilliant career was then attracting to his standard the most chivalrous young men of the State. In this daring command he served with great credit, participating in many battles, skirmishes, raids and daring enterprises, receiving a severe wound at Cynthiana, in Kentucky, during Morgan's famous Summer raid of 1862. During the expedition of Gen. Bragg to Kentucky, in 1862, he was authorized to recruit a company of cavalry, which he readily accomplished, and his company was assigned to duty as company B, of the 6th regiment of Kentucky cavalry, commanded by Col. J. W. Grigsby, with which he participated in the battle of Perrville, in the division of Gen. Wheeler, where he did good service, keeping his men well together under a heavy fire, when they had been only a few days in the service. During the fall of 1862, and winter of 1863, he served with his regiment in the brigade of Gen. Abe Buford of Gen. Wheeler's division, and was engaged at the battle of Murfreesboro, and in numerous skirmishes and scout, and while acting in the last capacity, was surprised and taken prisoner. Being in a short time exchanged, he rejoined his regiment in June 1863, on the Cumberland river, in Kentucky, it having been, during the time he was a prisoner, transferred to the division of Gen. Morgan. He accompanied the expedition of Gen. Morgan to Kentucky, Indiana and Ohio, during the month of July, 1863, and rendered meritorious service in every position assigned him. At the battle of Buffington Island, Ohio, in which the raiding force of Gen. Morgan was greatly outnumbered and signally defeated, he behaved with conspicuous gallantry and cool courage, which did much to prevent the capture of the whole division, and prolonged Morgan's hopeless efforts to escape for some days longer. On the next day, however, he was captured with the whole of his company at Chellico, Ohio, which ended his military service. Morgan's whole command being kept in prison until near the close of the war. By a piece of well devised strategy and masterly coolness, he effected his escape from prison in March, 1865, and was assigned to duty, but was engaged in no important military service. His command was disbanded at Woodstock, Ga., in May, 1865. Returning to Kentucky, he engaged in the business of farming and stock trading, and was eminently successful. But owing to his liberal disposition and profuse generosity, he never accumulated a fortune. He took an active and intelligent part in politics, and in 1873, was elected a member of the Lower House of the General Assembly, after a memorable contest, in which he was victor by a handsome majority, and while in that body served as Chairman of the committee on Military Affairs, and held the second position on the most important house committee, to-wit: The committee of Ways and Means. During the last year of his life his health had perceptibly declined, and he was finally stricken down with an illness considered trivial at first, but which finally terminated in a congestive chill and almost immediate death.

Thomas H. Shanks was a man of many noble and generous qualities. He was eminently magnanimous. He bore no malice toward his enemies, and stood impartially by his friends to the last. His courage was proverbial, and though slow to engage in quarrels, when aroused he became at once a vigorous and dangerous foe. He had a happy faculty of accommodating himself to all classes of people, and all ranks sought his friendship and obtained it. He was liberal to a fault, giving with a lavish hand and having no power to say no, to any cry for assistance. His executive capacity was really wonderful, and his energy and endurance, notwithstanding a delicate constitution, were surprising. He was fastidiously honorable. He made friends and held them without effort or art, and with an apparent indifference to popular applause. His mind was of rare excellence and his judgment cool, penetrating and correct. But his most noticeable characteristic was his extraordinary selfishness. He was careless of himself, and totally indifferent to display. His acquaintance was of wide range and men did not forget him. He never closed his doors against any man, and wherever he went he found a door open for himself and a hospitable board and hearty welcome within. His faults were those of a generous and many nature and amply atoned for by the virtues which he have inadequately attempted to portray. Brave, generous, faithful, honorable, his death leaves a void in the county which will not readily be filled. "After life's fitful fever may he sleep well."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED

500 BARRELS OF CORN.

For which the highest market price will be paid.

Apply at the

INTERIOR JOURNAL OFFICE.

HANGING FORK

FARM FOR SALE!

My Farm, lying on the Harrisonville and Stanford Turnpike Road, near the Railroad, is for sale. The tract contains 120 acres of rich farming land, under good fence, well watered, with two comfortable houses, well situated, some miles from Stanford and three miles from Harrisonville and within 10 miles of the Railroad. Terms liberal. Possession can be given on the 15th day of December, next. I will sell the entire tract together or will divide it into two lots, one of 60 acres, the other 15 acres. The farm is known as part of the old Harmon farm.

JOSEPH C. BLAIN.

April 26th, 1877.

DENNIS & BASH

Carriage Manufacturers

Old Stand, Main Street,

STANFORD, KENTUCKY.

We will keep on hand and build in order every description of vehicle in the carriage line. Repairing of all kinds done at low rates. Give us a call.

200-10

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE!

Having purchased a Power Press, we wish to dispose of our No. 6

WASHINGTON HAND PRESS.

It is in perfect order and

AS GOOD AS NEW.

Address W. F. WALTON, Prop'r.

Interior Journal, Stanford, Ky.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE NATIONAL BANK!

OF STANFORD.

At Stanford, in the State of Kentucky.

At Close of Business Apr. 14, 1877.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts \$178,823 02

Overdrafts 2,513 87

U. S. Bonds to secure circulation 126,700 00

U. S. Bonds on hand 4,500 00

Other stocks, bonds, and mortgages 10,000 00

Due from approved reserve agents 18,740 00

Due from other National Banks 8,875 36

Real Estate, mortgages and other securities 1,675 31

Current expenses and taxes paid 25 25

Profits and losses 773 12

Checks and other cash items 4,212 00

Fractional currency, including nickels 2,110 05

Specie, including gold Treasury notes 20,500 00

Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (3 per cent. of circulation) 6,750 00

Total \$394,826 76

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in \$100,000 00

Surplus fund 30,000 00

Undivided profits 24,500 00

Sat. Bank notes outstanding 24,475 00

Individual deposits subject to check 34,475 00

Deposits of other National Banks 1,000 00

Due to other National Banks 80 00

Legal-tender notes 2,987 83

Due to State Banks and bankers 2,110 71

Total \$394,826 76

STATE OF KENTUCKY,

County of Lincoln,

I, Jas. J. McHenry, Cashier of above named bank of Stanford, do hereby certify that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JAS. J. McHENRY, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of April, 1877.

J. B. OWSELEY, N. P. & C.

CORRECT ATTORNEY:

J. W. McALISTER, J. W. ALCOCK, R. VANADAM.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Farmers National Bank!

AT STANFORD.

in the State of Kentucky, at the Close of Business, Apr. 14, 1877.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts \$190,161 62

Overdrafts 3,275 34

U. S. Bonds to secure circulation 229,000 00

U. S. Bonds on hand 21,140 25

Due from approved reserve agents 12,000 00

Due from other National Banks 1,000 00

Real Estate, Furniture and Pictures 2,543 79

Current expenses and taxes paid 1,000 00

Profits and losses 25,505 46

Checks and other cash items 5,000 00

Fractional Currency, including nickels 2,110 00

Specie, including gold Treasury notes 2,000 00

Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (3 per cent. of circulation) 9,000 00

Total \$684,902 94

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in \$200,000 00

Surplus fund 20,000 00

Undivided profits 25,000 00

National Bank Notes outstanding 100,000 00

Individual deposits subject to check 70,475 00

Due to other National Banks 221 00

Due to State Banks and bankers 2,430 71

Total \$684,902 94

STATE OF KENTUCKY,

County of Lincoln,

I, Jas. B. Tinsley, Cashier of the above named bank, do hereby certify that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JAS. B. TINSLEY, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 26th day of April, 1877.

JAS. J. McHENRY, N. P.

CORRECT ATTORNEY:

S. H. SHANKS, J. H. SHANKS, J. B. OWSELEY.

STALLIONS AND JACKS.

FORKLAND

STABLES,

1877.

VIDETTE,

BY VINCE, DAM BY OLD WHIP.

Believing Vidette to be one of the best harness stallions in Kentucky, if not the best, I offer his services for the third year in the people of Lincoln and adjoining counties. Believing he will give perfect satisfaction in every way, I make a liberal patronage at low figures, \$10 during the season, and \$10 when you have a living colt.

This horse has been shown in St. Louis, Indianapolis, and at all the principal fairs in Kentucky, and has always been successful.

Apply at the

INTERIOR JOURNAL OFFICE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE!

Having purchased a Power Press, we wish to dispose of our No. 6

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